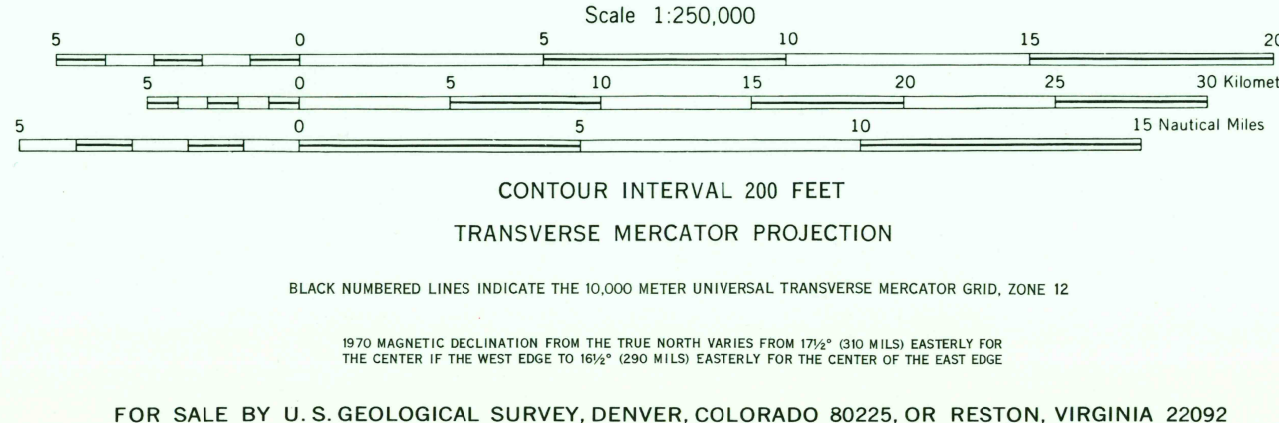
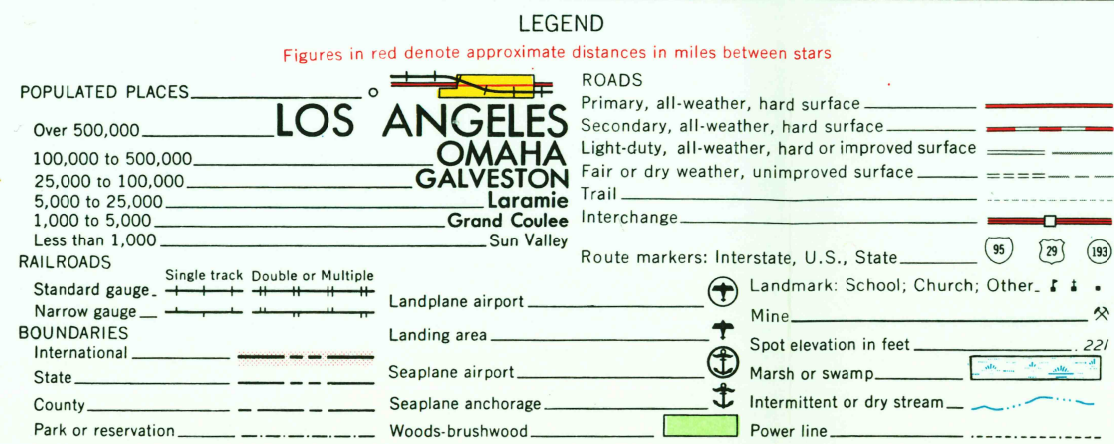




Prepared by the U.S. Army Topographic Command (ASX), Washington, D.C. Compiled in 1955 by photogrammetric methods and from United States quadrangles 1:62,500, 1950. Planimetry revised from aerial photographs taken 1954. Photographs field annotated 1955. Revised in 1972 by the U.S. Geological Survey from aerial photographs taken 1972.

100,000-foot grids based on Wyoming coordinate system, west zone; Idaho coordinate system, east zone and Montana coordinate system, south zone. Location of geoid; control established by government agencies is shown on corresponding 1:250,000-scale Geoidic Control Diagram.



LOCATION DIAGRAM

NL 11-5 HAMILTON	NL 12-4 BUTTE	NL 12-5 BOZEMAN	NL 13-4 BOZEMAN
NL 11-6 ELK CITY	NL 12-7 BLAINE	NL 12-8 MONTANA	NL 12-9 HARDIN
NL 11-7 CHALLIS	NL 12-10 SHOUBOT	NL 12-11 COODY	NL 13-10 SHERIDAN
NL 11-8 IDAHO	NL 12-11 DRIGGS	NK 12-3 THERMOPOLIS	NK 13-1 ARHINO
NL 11-9 TWIN FALLS	NK 12-1 POCATELLO	NK 12-5 LARDER	NK 13-4 CAPRI
NL 11-10 FOOTLOCK	NK 12-4 PRESTON	NK 12-6 PRESTON	

SECTIONIZED TOWNSHIP

6	5	4	3	2	1
7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36

GRID ZONE DESIGNATION

100,000 M. SQUARE IDENTIFICATION

VE	WE	40	50
VD	WD	40	50

TO GIVE A STANDARD REFERENCE ON THIS SHEET TO NEAREST 100 METERS

SAMPLE POINT: OLD FAITHFUL

1. Read letters identifying 100,000 meter square in which the point lies.
2. Locate first vertical grid line to left of point and read LARGE figure labeling the line either in the top or bottom margin, or in the line itself.
3. Estimate tenths from grid line to point.
4. Locate first horizontal grid line below point and read LARGE figure labeling the line either in the left or right margin, or in the line itself.
5. Estimate tenths from grid line to point.

SAMPLE REFERENCE:
If reporting beyond 10" in any direction, prefix Grid Zone Designation, e.g.:
12TWE1322

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