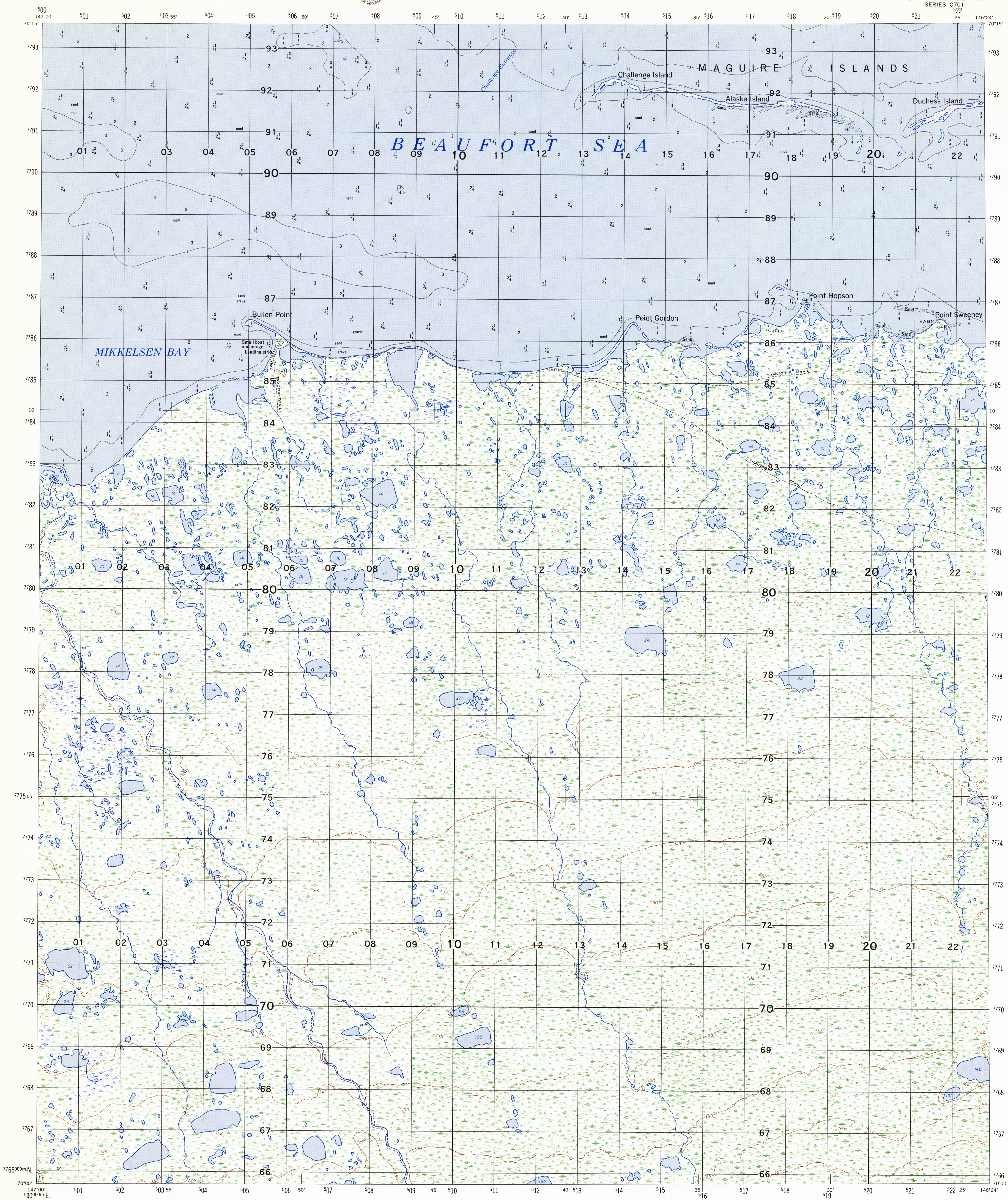
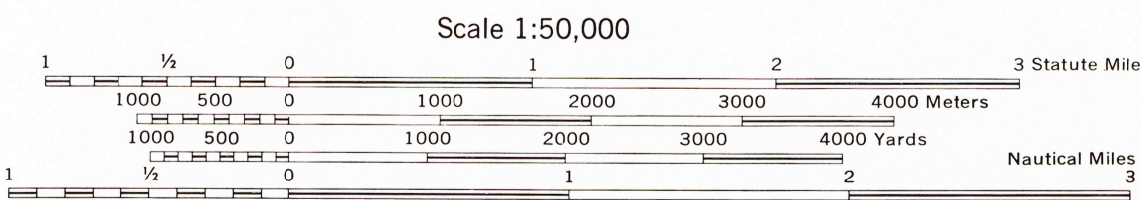
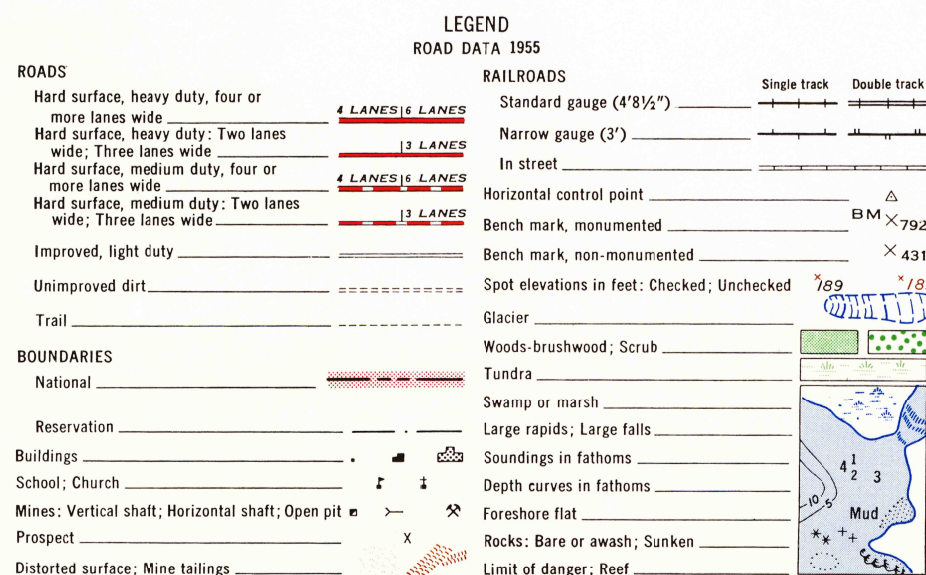


Q701
Edition 1-AMS (First Printing, 2-62)Prepared by the Army Map Service (VLABM), Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C.
Compiled in 1958 by photogrammetric methods. Coastal hydrography compiled from USCGS
Charts 9473, 9474, dated 1956. Horizontal and vertical control by USCGS, and 660th Engr Bn
(Base Topo). Photography partially field annotated 1955.CONTOUR INTERVAL 50 FEET
WITH SUPPLEMENTARY CONTOURS AT 25 FOOT INTERVALS
VERTICAL DATUM: APPROXIMATE MEAN SEA LEVEL

TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION

HORIZONTAL DATUM: 1927 NORTH AMERICAN DATUM

HYDROGRAPHIC DATUM: SOUNDINGS IN FATHOMS REFERRED TO MEAN LOWER LOW WATER

BLACK NUMBERED LINES INDICATE THE 1,000 METER UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID, ZONE 6

THE LAST THREE DIGITS OF THE GRID NUMBERS ARE OMITTED

USERS NOTING ERRORS OR OMISSIONS ON THIS MAP ARE URGED TO MARK HEREON AND FORWARD DIRECTLY TO COMMANDING OFFICER, ARMY MAP SERVICE, WASHINGTON, D. C. MAPS SO FORWARDED WILL BE RETURNED OR REPLACED IF DESIRED.

GRID ZONE DESIGNATION:	SW	TO GIVE A STANDARD REFERENCE ON THIS SHEET TO NEAREST 100 METERS
100,000 M. SQUARE IDENTIFICATION	WN	SAMPLE POINT: VABM 250
1. Read letters identifying 100,000 meter square in which the point lies.	WN	12
2. Locate first VERTICAL grid line to LEFT of point and read LARGE figures labeling the line either in the left or bottom margin, or on the line itself.	WN	85
3. Locate first HORIZONTAL grid line BELOW point and read LARGE figures labeling the line either in the left or right margin, or on the line itself.	WN	4
4. Estimate tenths from grid line to point: on the line itself.	WN	
SAMPLE REFERENCE:	WN25084	
If reporting beyond 10' in any direction, prefix Grid Zone Designation, as:	6WN125084	

1960 ANNUAL MAGNETIC CHANGE IS NEGLIGIBLE

GRID CONVERGENCE 07'17" IS MILS: FOR CENTER OF SHEET

GRID ZONE DESIGNATION: SW

SAMPLE POINT: VABM 250

1. Read letters identifying 100,000 meter square in which the point lies.

2. Locate first VERTICAL grid line to LEFT of point and read LARGE figures labeling the line either in the left or bottom margin, or on the line itself.

3. Locate first HORIZONTAL grid line BELOW point and read LARGE figures labeling the line either in the left or right margin, or on the line itself.

4. Estimate tenths from grid line to point: on the line itself.

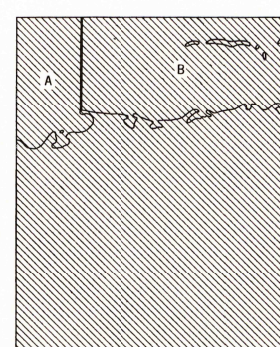
SAMPLE REFERENCE: WN25084

If reporting beyond 10' in any direction, prefix Grid Zone Designation, as:

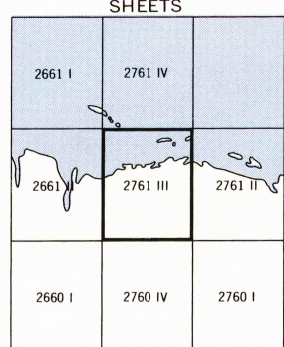
6WN125084

GW 2-62 PRINTED BY ARMY MAP SERVICE, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

COVER PAGE



INDEX TO ADJOINING SHEETS



Sheet 2761 III falls within NR 5, 6, 8, 9501, 1:250,000

COMPILED BY: Photo stereo
A. USCGS Chart 9473, 1956 (reliability good).
B. USCGS Chart 9474, 1956 (reliability good).
Aerial photograph: July 1955TO CONVERT A MAGNETIC AZIMUTH TO A GRID AZIMUTH
ADD G-M ANGLETO CONVERT A GRID AZIMUTH TO A MAGNETIC AZIMUTH
SUBTRACT G-M ANGLE

1° = 60" (17.77 MILS)

FLAXMAN ISLAND A-5, ALASKA