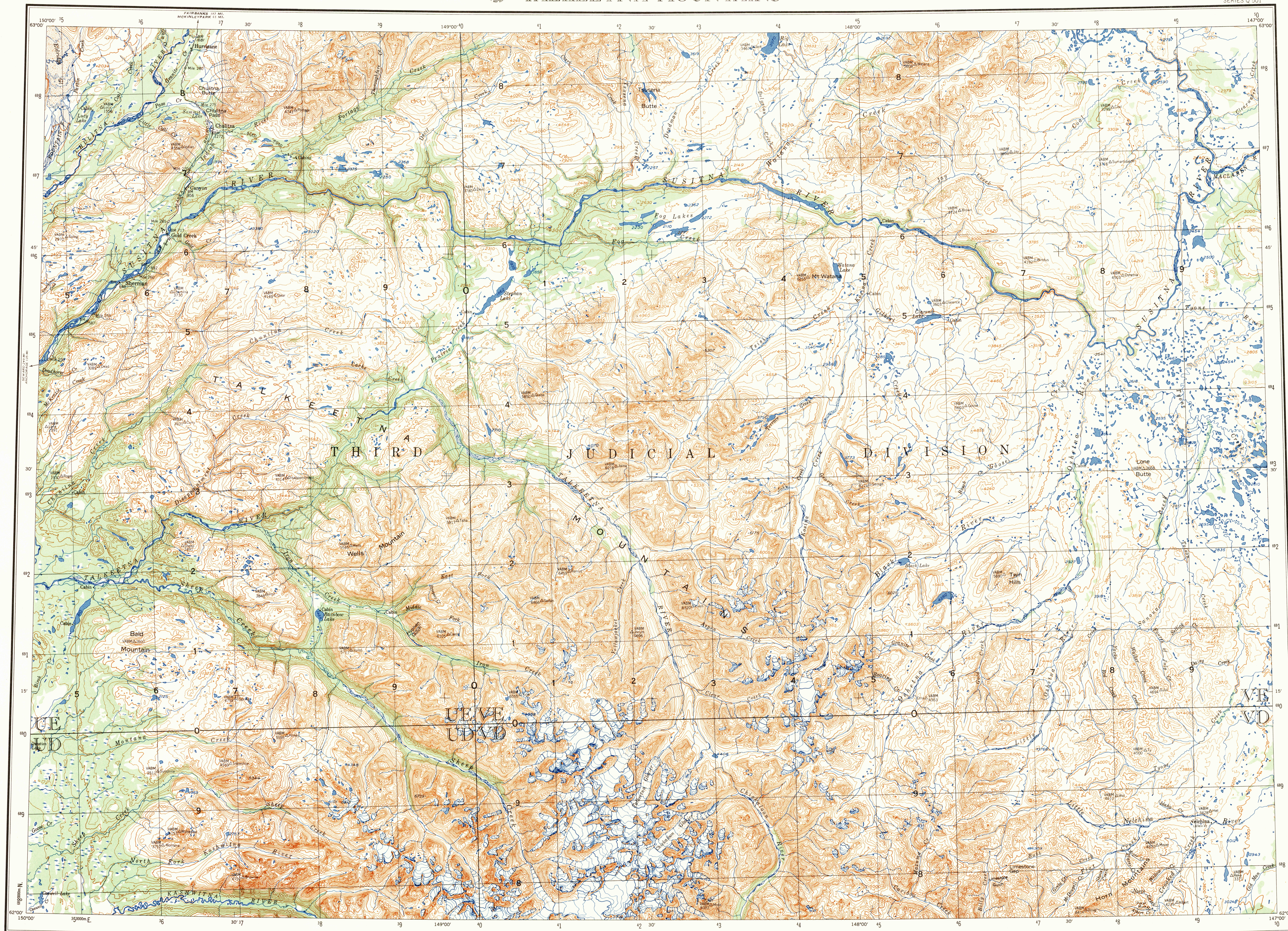
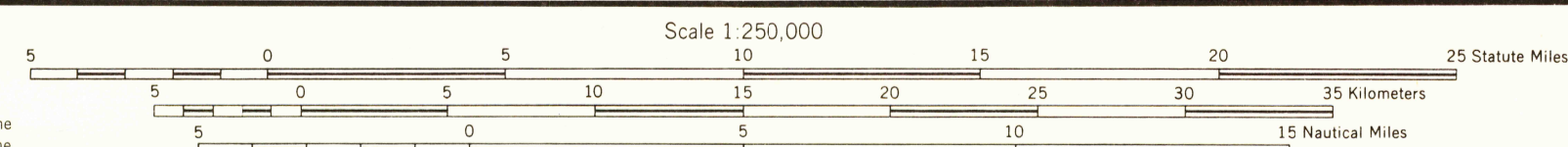


Q 501
Edition 2-AMS (First Printing, 5-57)

Prepared by the Army Map Service (GE), Corps of Engineers, U.S. Army, Washington, D.C. Copied in 1956 from Alaska, 1:250,000, USGS, Talkeetna Mountains, 1951-54. Original map compiled in 1955 from USGS, Alaska, 1:63,360 series, 1951, 1952, 1953 and 1954. Topography compiled by photogrammetric methods. Aerial photography 1948-49 and 1951. Control by USGS and USC&GS.

POPULATED PLACES	LEGEND
Over 12,000	ROADS
5,000 to 12,000	Hard surface, all weather
1,000 to 5,000	Improved dirt, all weather
500 to 1,000	Unimproved dirt, dry weather
125 to 500	Trail
Less than 125	Mine prospect; Mine shaft; Mine tunnel
RAILROADS	Landmark; School; Church; Other
Standard gauge, single track	Depth curves in feet
Narrow gauge, single track	Reef
Landing area	Wrecks: Sunken; Exposed
Seaplane airport	Rocks: Sunken; Awash
None	Foreshore flat
BOUNDARIES	Intermittent or dry stream
Judicial division	Marsh or swamp
Park or reservation	
Horizontal control point	
Spot elevation in feet	
Power line	
Glacial moraine	



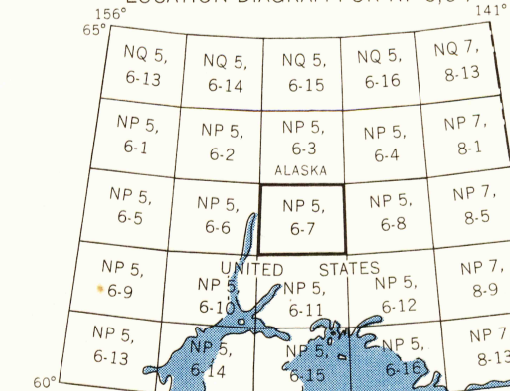
CONTOUR INTERVAL 200 FEET

TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION
HORIZONTAL DATUM: 1927 NORTH DATUM
THE LAST FOUR DIGITS OF THE GRID NUMBERS ARE OMITTED

1927 MAGNETIC DECLINATION FOR THIS SHEET VARIES FROM 26°00' EAST FOR THE CENTER OF THE WEST EDGE TO 28°00' EAST FOR THE CENTER OF THE EAST EDGE. MEAN ANNUAL CHANGE IS 0°02' WESTERLY.

USERS NOTING ERRORS OR OMISSIONS ON THIS MAP ARE URGED TO MARK HEREON AND FORWARD DIRECTLY TO COMMANDING OFFICER, ARMY MAP SERVICE, WASHINGTON, D.C. MAPS SO FORWARDED WILL BE RETURNED OR REPLACED IF DESIRED.

LOCATION DIAGRAM FOR NP 5, 6-7



PRINTED BY ARMY MAP SERVICE, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, 5-57 756641

GRID ZONE DESIGNATION	TO GIVE A STANDARD REFERENCE TO THIS SHEET TO NEAREST 1000 METERS
30,000 M SQUARE IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE POINT: SUMMIT
UE VE	1. Read letters identifying 100,000 meter square in which the point lies.
UD VD	2. Locate first VERTICAL grid line to LEFT of point and read LARGE figure labeling the line within the top or bottom margin, or on the line itself.
	3. Estimate tenths from grid line to point.
	4. Locate first HORIZONTAL grid line BELOW point and read LARGE figure labeling the line within the left or right margin, or on the line itself.
	5. Estimate tenths from grid line to point.
	SAMPLE REFERENCE
	If reporting beyond 9°N, 5° or 18°E, W, write Grid Zone Designation, etc.
	18562
	PRINTED 57

TALKEETNA MOUNTAINS, ALASKA